

ZeroMQ and Encryption

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What is ZeroMQ?

- ▶ Lightweight messaging kernel¹
- ▶ Many Platforms
- ▶ Cross-Language
- ▶ Multi-Transport (TCP, UDP, websocket, ...)
- ▶ High-Performance
- ▶ Well documented

¹Created by the late Peter Hintjens

How is it used in Tango?²

- ▶ Sending/Receiving events
- ▶ Replaced omniORB notification service (notifd)
- ▶ Debut: Tango 8 (7/2012)
- ▶ ZeroMQ messaging pattern:
Publisher/Subscriber

²cppTango webinar: <https://youtu.be/gFUZidSfF9c?t=1841>

- ▶ Tango clients can ask a device server (DS) about the ZeroMQ connection details
- ▶ Command: ZmqEventSubscriptionChange³
- ▶ Returns: Heartbeat/Event ZeroMQ endpoints

³<https://tango-controls.readthedocs.io/en/latest/development/advanced/reference.html#the-zmqeventsubscriptionchange-command>

Encryption options in ZeroMQ

- ▶ Supports encryption since 4.0⁴
- ▶ Two flavors exist: GSSAPI and CurveZMQ⁵

⁴cppTango requires 4.0.5

⁵<http://hintjens.com/blog:49>

GSSAPI

- ▶ Standard API interface for security services
- ▶ IETF standard, precursor implementation was Kerberos
- ▶ ZeroMQ RFC⁶ status: Draft
- ▶ Requires external service (Principal)

⁶<https://rfc.zeromq.org/spec/38/>

CurveZMQ

- ▶ Based on CurveCP⁷ scheme
- ▶ ZeroMQ RFC⁸ status: Stable
- ▶ Supported crypto library: Libsodium⁹, fork of NaCl¹⁰
- ▶ Algorithm: Curve25519
- ▶ Authentication (optional, on top): ZAP¹¹

⁷<https://curvecp.org> by Daniel J. Bernstein

⁸<https://rfc.zeromq.org/spec/26>

⁹<https://doc.libsodium.org>

¹⁰<https://nacl.cr.yp.to>

¹¹<https://rfc.zeromq.org/spec/27>

Digression: Curve25519

- ▶ Elliptic Curve¹²
- ▶ Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS)
- ▶ Also used for TLS 1.3, SSH¹³, Signal, Matrix, Threema, WhatsApp, Tor, Wireguard, ...

¹²https://media.ccc.de/v/31c3_-_6369_-_en_-_saal_1_-_201412272145_-_ecchacks_-_djb_-_tanja_lange

¹³KexAlgorithms:
[curve25519-sha256@libssh.org](https://cvs.ssh.com/cgi-bin/cvsweb.cgi/~checkout~/ssh/proposals/curve25519-sha256@libssh.org), [curve25519-sha256](https://cvs.ssh.com/cgi-bin/cvsweb.cgi/~checkout~/ssh/proposals/curve25519-sha256)

No question what we
will use or ?

How does CurveZMQ work?

Server¹⁴:

- ▶ Public/private keypair: `zmq_curve_keypair()`
- ▶ Set private key: `zmq_setsockopt()` with `ZMQ_CURVE_SECRETKEY == ...`
- ▶ Mark as server: `zmq_setsockopt()` with `ZMQ_CURVE_SERVER == 1`

¹⁴The server/client roles here are **not** zmq socket types

Client:

- ▶ Public/private keypair: `zmq_curve_keypair()`
- ▶ Set private key: `zmq_setsockopt()` with `ZMQ_CURVE_SECRETKEY == ...`
- ▶ Mark as client: `zmq_setsockopt()` with `ZMQ_CURVE_SERVER == 0`
- ▶ Set client public key: `zmq_setsockopt()` with `ZMQ_CURVE_PUBLICKEY == ...`
- ▶ Set server public key: `zmq_setsockopt()` with `ZMQ_CURVE_SERVERKEY == ...`

How can we get the
server public key from
the server to the
client?

Idea: Extend ZmqEventSubscriptionChange

- ▶ Tango client can ask for server public key by setting `argIn[5]` to "1"
- ▶ DS checks `argIn[5]` and if requested can then send the server public key in `svalue[n + 1]`¹⁵
- ▶ Tango client applies server public key and starts encrypted ZeroMQ messaging

¹⁵We could also disallow requesting the server's public key on unencrypted connections.

Questions ?